



It's a Family Affair: Lower GI Functional Disorders

**Philip Schoenfeld, MD, MSEd, MSc (Epi)
Editor-in-Chief, Evidence-Based GI: An ACG Publication
Chief (Emeritus)-Gastroenterology Section
John D. Dingell VA Medical Center, Detroit, MI**

Disclosures

- Consultant:
 - AbbVie, Ardelyx, Exact, Ironwood, Salix, Sanofi, Phathom,
- Speaker:
 - AbbVie, Ardelyx, Ironwood, Phathom



EVIDENCE-BASED GI
AN ACG PUBLICATION

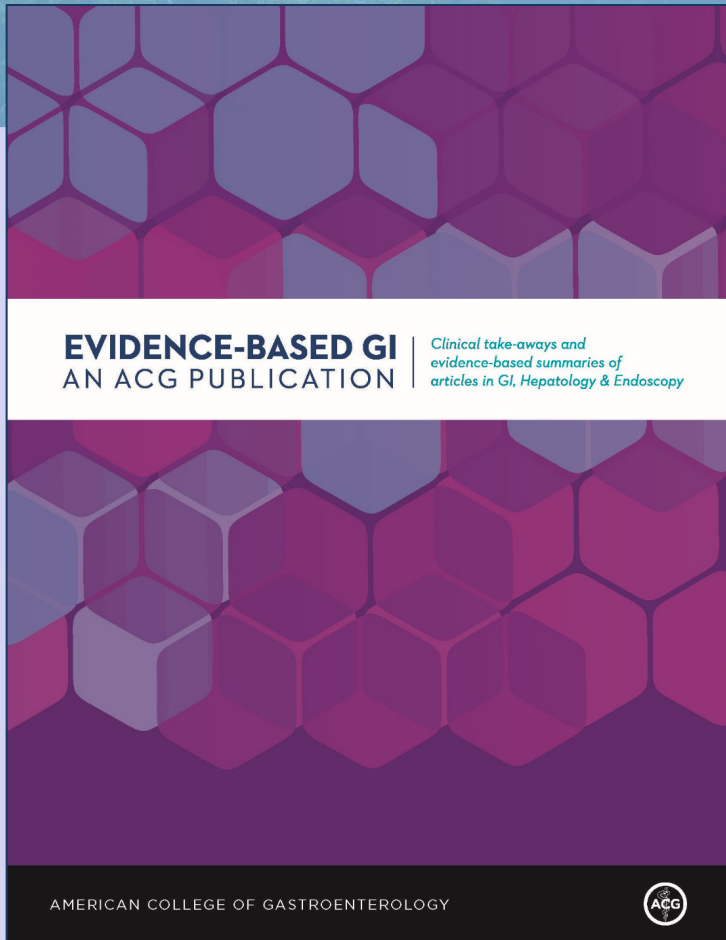
*Clinical take-aways and
evidence-based summaries of
articles in GI, Hepatology & Endoscopy*

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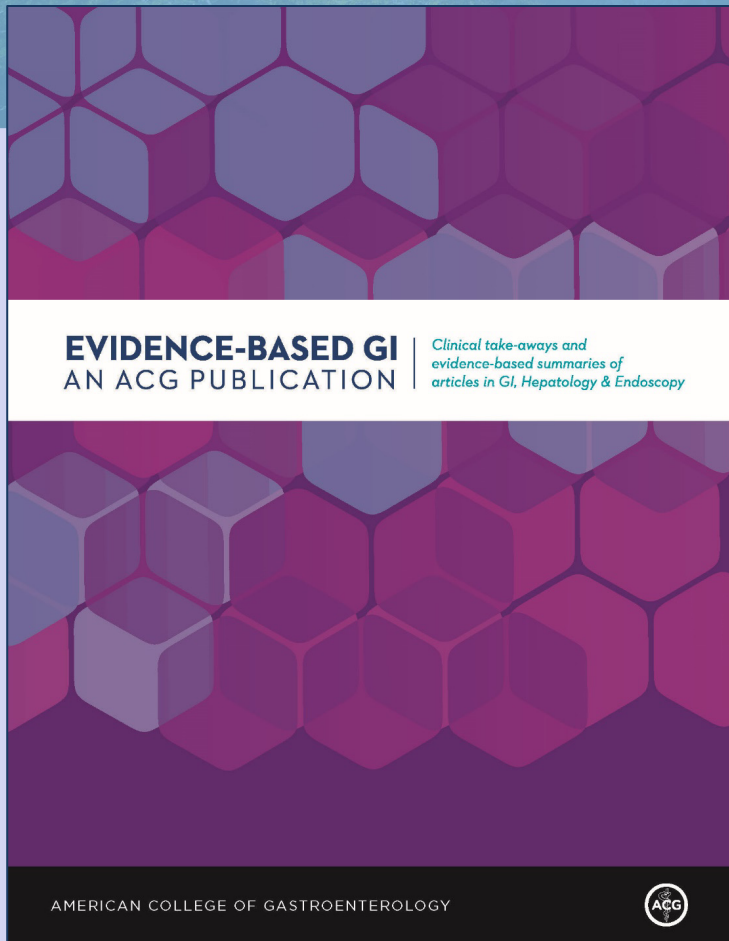


[Disposable Elevator Caps for Duodenoscopes Decrease Persistent Bacterial Contamination Without Hinderering Technical ERCP Performance: The ICECAP Trial](#)

Shria Kumar, MD, MSCE

 Listen to the audio summary

In this multi-center randomized control trial from Canada of 518 patients undergoing endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography, using duodenoscopes with disposable caps vs standard design scopes reduced persistent microbial contamination after standard disinfection (3.8% vs 11.2%, $p = 0.004$, relative risk = 0.34, 95% CI: 0.16-0.75) with no differences in performance (technical success: 94.6% vs 90.7%).



May 2023

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Prophylactic Antibiotics Do Not Improve Mortality in Severe Alcoholic Hepatitis Treated with Corticosteroids

Philip Schoenfeld, MD, MSc, MSc (Epi)

Tenapanor (IBSRELA) for Treatment of IBS-C: Effective Over 26 Weeks



Philip Schoenfeld, MD, MSc (Epi)

Chief (Emeritus)-Gastroenterology Section, John D. Dingell VA
Medical Center, Detroit, MI

Philip Schoenfeld, MD, MSc (Epi)
Editor-in-Chief

This article reviews Chey WD, Lembo A, Yang Y, Rosenbaum DP. Efficacy of Tenapanor in Treating Patients With Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Constipation: A 26-Week, Placebo-Controlled Phase 3 Trial (T3MPO-2). *Am J Gastroenterol* 2021; 116: 1294-1303. <https://doi.org/10.14309/ajg.0000000000001056>

Correspondence to Philip Schoenfeld, MD, MSc (Epi), Editor-in-Chief. Email: EBGI@gi.org

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by:**

Romy Chamoun, MD



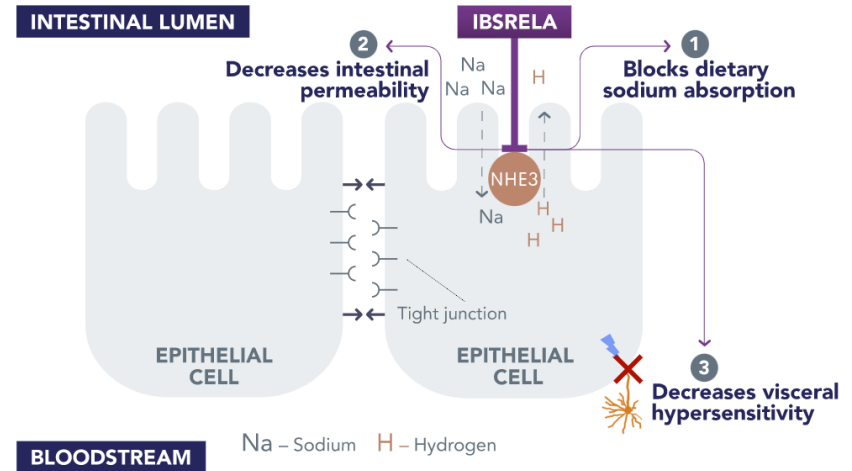
RomyChamoun

EBGI Ambassador

PGY-3, Lankenau Medical Center



- Blocks NHE3
- FDA-approved for IBS-C
- Minimally absorbed
- Blocks dietary sodium absorption, decreases intestinal permeability and visceral hypersensitivity (animal studies)
- 50mg po bid before breakfast and dinner



Key Study Definitions

- 👉 Weekly combined response :
- ⬇️ in average weekly worst abdominal pain of $\geq 30.0\%$ from baseline
- +**
- ⬆️ of ≥ 1 weekly complete spontaneous bowel movements (CSBM) from baseline
- 👉 6/12-week combined responder rate:
% of pts who had a weekly combined response for at least 6/12 weeks.

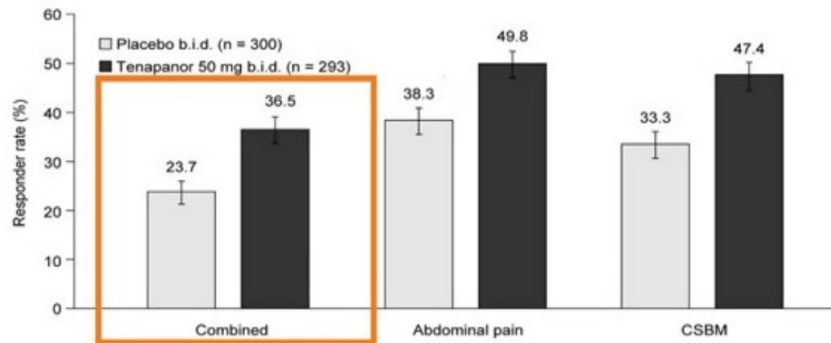
Key Study Endpoints

- 🏆**1 Primary Endpoint:**
- The 6/12-week combined rate.
- 🏆**2 Key Secondary Endpoint:**
- 6/12-week CSBM and abdominal pain responder

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Schoenfeld

MOTILITY DISORDERS



Risk difference versus placebo, % (95% CI)	12.9 (5.5, 20.2)	11.5 (3.6, 19.4)	14.1 (6.3, 21.9)
P value	<0.001	0.004	<0.001

Figure 1. $\geq 6/12$ week responders for FDA-combined endpoint, abdominal pain endpoint, and CSBM endpoint.

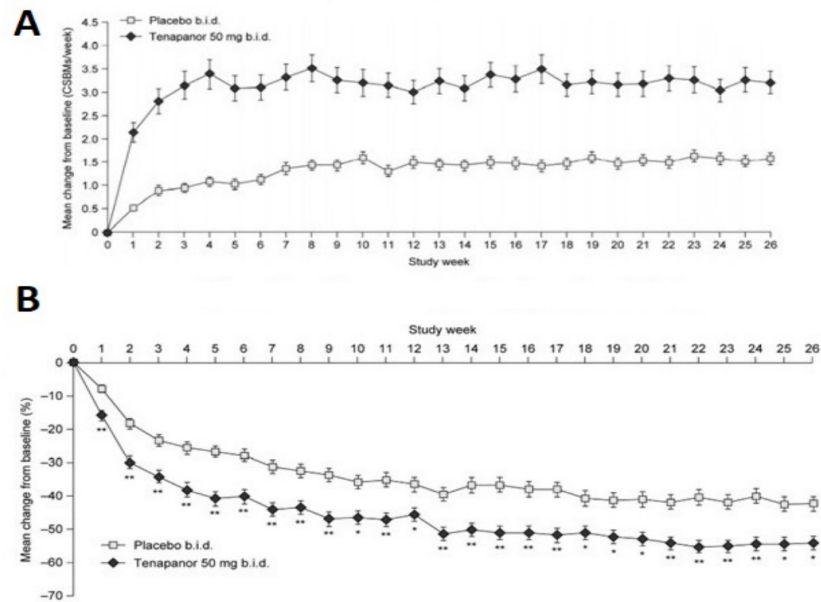


Figure 2. Weekly change in CSBMs (A) and abdominal pain (B).

My Practice

Inadequate relief w/ **initial** course of a guanylate cyclase-C agonist (linaclotide or plecanatide)



Tenapanor 50 mg po bid (with breakfast and dinner)

Tips:

- Combine Tenapanor + peppermint oil capsules PRN for cramping
- Combine with neuromodulator: prefer duloxetine 30-60mg daily in IBS-C
- Refer to dietician for instruction in low-FODMAP diets

It's a Bad "Prep" Even Though the Patient Took It Correctly: Consider 15 mg Bisacodyl plus 4-Liter PEG Split Prep Before Next Colonoscopy



Philip Schoenfeld, MD, MEd, MSc (Epi)
Editor-in-Chief


Philip Schoenfeld, MD, MEd, MSc (Epi)

Chief (Emeritus)-Gastroenterology Section, John D. Dingell VA Medical Center, Detroit, MI

This article reviews Sey MSL, Von Renteln D, Sultanian R, et al. A Multicenter Randomized Controlled Trial Comparing Bowel Cleansing Regimens for Colonoscopy After Failed Bowel Preparation. *Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol* 2022; In Press.



**Tweetorial provided
by:**

Zubair Khan, MD
 @zubairkhan254

Our first EBGI Ambassador
PGY-6, University of Texas at
Houston



❖ **Risk Factors for colonic dysmotility and inadequate bowel preparation despite compliance**

- Obesity
- Current opioid use
- Diabetes mellitus
- History of using constipation treatments
- Current use of anticholinergics (including TCA)

❖ **In non-compliant patient**

- Additional patient education is more helpful than prescribing supratherapeutic regimen.

❖ **Risk Factors for colonic dysmotility and inadequate bowel preparation despite compliance**

- Obesity
- Current opioid use
- Diabetes mellitus
- History of using constipation treatments
- Current use of anticholinergics (including TCA)

❖ **In non-compliant patient**

- Additional patient education is more helpful than prescribing suprathreshold regimens.

Prior Trials with Bowel Preparations

Jimeno-Garcia et al. *Am J Gastroenterol* 2017; 112: 951-58.

- 10 mg bisacodyl on the day before the procedure + a low-residue diet for 3 days pre-procedure.
- 4L PEG-3350 as split-prep vs 2L PEG + ascorbic acid as split-prep
- 4L PEG-3350-superior for adequate bowel cleansing (81.1% vs 67.4%, $P < 0.01$, ITT analysis)

→ Does not answer if suprathreshold purgative regimens are more effective!

- **No prior RCT assessing patients who successfully completed 4L PEG split-prep but still had inadequate cleansing.**
- **Multi-center, single-blind RCT**
- **Intervention: 4L PEG split prep + 15mg bisacodyl (taken at 2pm on day before scope) vs 6L PEG split prep + 15mg bisacodyl**
- **Outcome: Adequate bowel prep based on BBPS ≥ 6 with ≥ 2 in each segment**
- **Patient Demographics: 37% obese, 41% with IBS-C or CIC, 10% on opioids. Prior bowel prep: 35% used 4L PEG; 38% used 2L PEG; 12% used sodium picosulfate**

It's a Bad "Prep" Even Though the Patient Took It Correctly:
Consider 15 mg Bisacodyl plus 4-Liter PEG Split Prep Before
Next Colonoscopy



Outcome		Split-dose 4L + bisacodyl (n = 97)	Split-dose 6L + bisacodyl (n = 99)	P-value
Adequate cleansing	Defined as BBPS ≥ 6	83 (91.2%)	78 (87.6%)	0.44
	Defined as adequate to identify polyps > 5mm	82 (91.1%)	76 (85.4%)	0.24
Secondary endpoints	Cecal intubation rate, n (%)	87 (96.7%)	82 (92.1%)	0.19
	Adenoma detection rate, n (%)	34 (37.4%)	28 (31.5%)	0.41
Adherence	Diet + consumed 100% of prep	67 (81.7%)	53 (68.0%)	0.05
	Diet + consumed 80% of prep	71 (86.6%)	57 (73.1%)	0.03

My Practice-Before This Trial

Reactive prescription:
prior inadequate bowel cleansing

Proactive Prescription:
any patient with 2 or more risk
factors for inadequate cleansing

6L PEG-3350 split-prep with 4L PEG consumed between 6 and 10 PM on
the night before the procedure and 2L taken 4-6 hours before colonoscopy.

Adequate cleansing Successes per BBPS

87.7%

91.5%

Remember, patient education is the preferred intervention in non-compliant patients.

My Practice-Before This Trial

Reactive prescription:
prior inadequate bowel cleansing

Proactive Prescription:
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6L PEG-3350 split-prep with 4L PEG consumed between 6 and 10 PM on
the night before the procedure and 2L taken 4-6 hours before colonoscopy.

Adequate cleansing Successes per BBPS

87.7%

91.5%

Remember, patient education is the preferred intervention in non-compliant patients.

**Switched to 4L
PEG split-prep +
15 mg bisacodyl
at 2pm on day
before scope**

Vibrating Capsules for Chronic Constipation: The New Non-Pharmacologic Approach



Philip Schoenfeld, MD, MEd, MSc (Epi)

Chief (Emeritus), Gastroenterology Section, John D. Dingell VA Medical Center, Detroit, MI.

Editor-in-Chief

This summary reviews Rao S, Quigley EMM, Chey WD, et al. Randomized Placebo-Controlled Phase 3 Trial of Vibrating Capsule for Chronic Constipation. *Gastroenterology* 2023; In Press. doi.org/10/1053/j.gastro.2023.02.013

Tweetorial Provided by:

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Anoushka Dua, MD

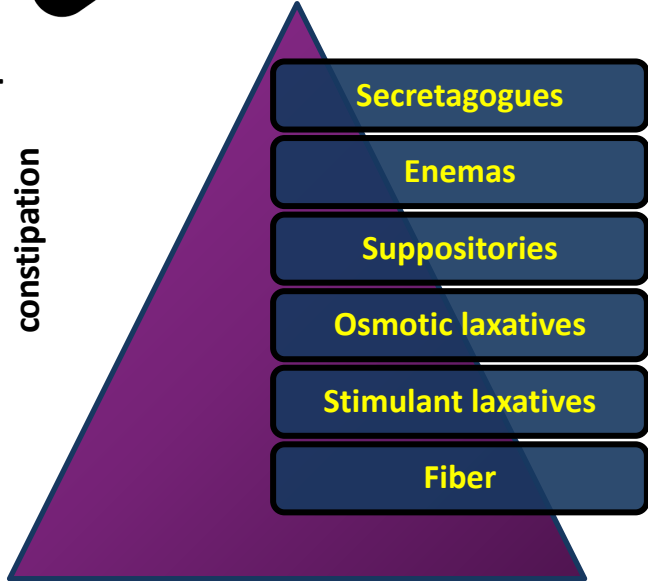
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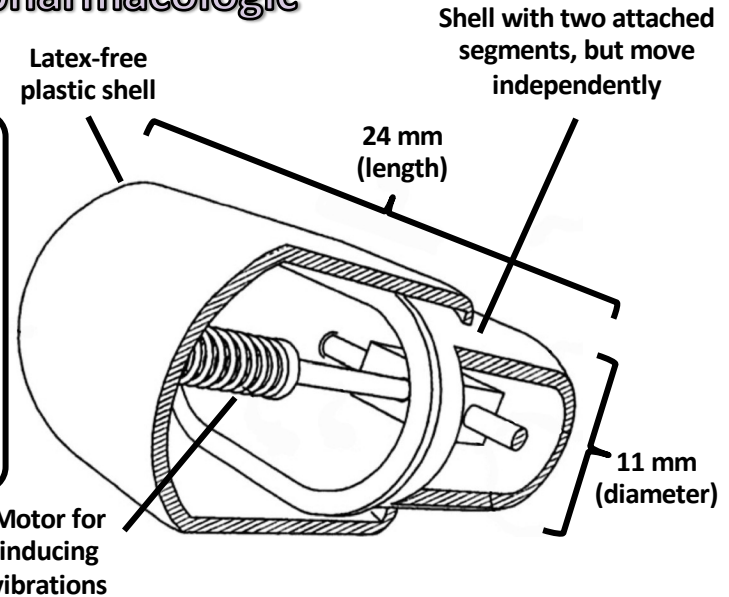
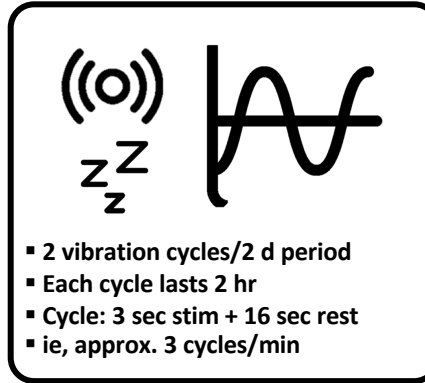


Pharmacologic

Treatments for chronic idiopathic
constipation



Non-pharmacologic



Importance

Chronic Idiopathic Constipation (CIC)

- 2 of the following:
- <3 🍌 per wk
 - Straining >25%
 - Hard 🍌 >25%
 - 🖐️ maneuver >25%
 - Blockage sensation >25%
 - Incomplete sensation >25%
- 🚫 IBS
 - Rare loose 🍌 without laxatives

Spontaneous BM (SBM)

- BM w/o use of rescue medicine in preceding 48 hrs & w/o use of digital maneuvers

Complete Spontaneous BM (CSBM)

- SBM *plus* subject report of feeling complete evacuation

Primary Endpoints

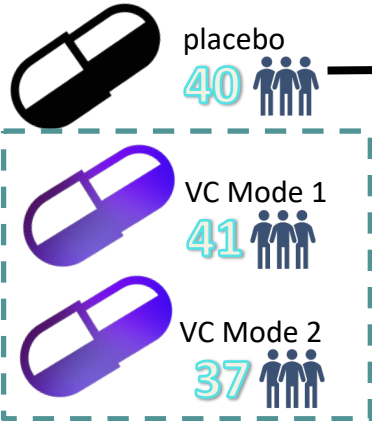
- 📈 1+ CSBM (CSBM₁) per week
- or
- 📈 2+ CSBM (CSBM₂) per week

during ≥6 of 8 wks of treatment
(compared with baseline)

Definitions & Endpoints

FIRST PHASE

to identify which of the 2 activation modes was superior, for use in remainder of study

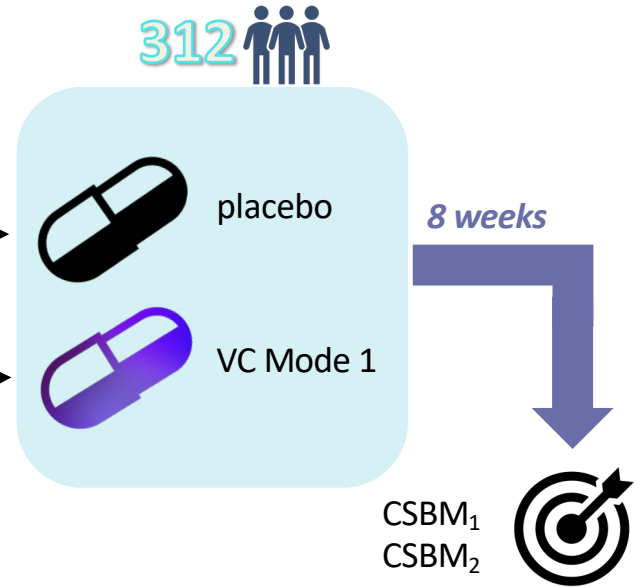


SECOND PHASE

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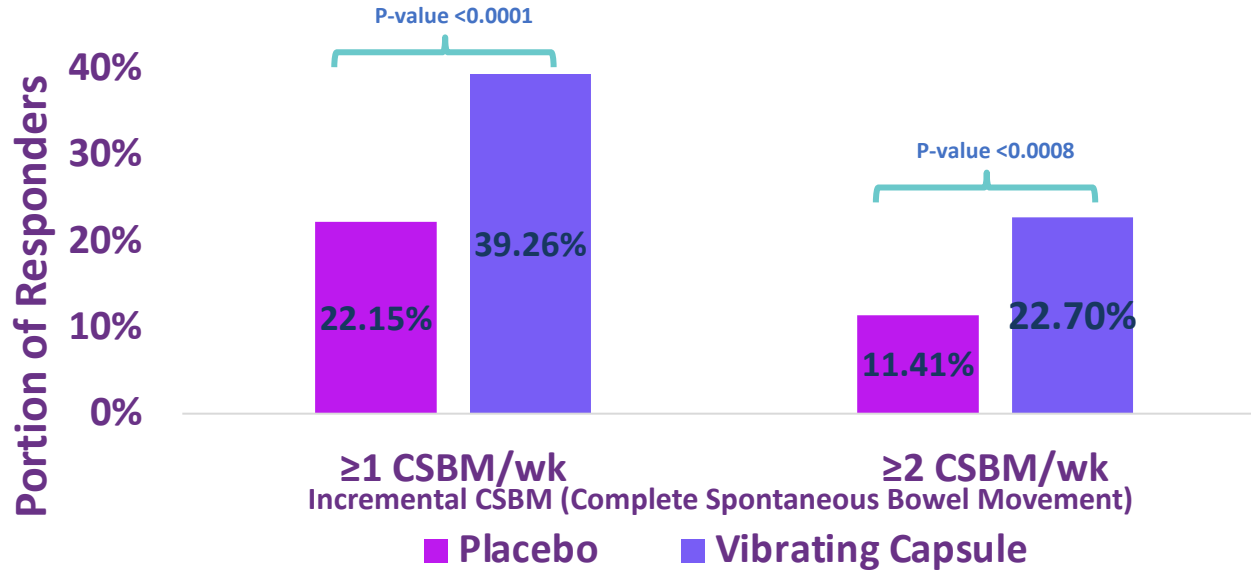
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Mode 1: starts vibrating from 12PM next day
Mode 2: starts vibrating from 6AM next day

Study Design

Effect of Vibrating Capsule on CSBM, Primary Outcomes



Results



Limited capsule supply in 2023



Available at motility centers of
excellence



Only one vibration cycle was evaluated



Need longer trials (i.e., >8 weeks)



Need to find CIC subgroups that
respond



Not evaluated in IBS-C



Unclear insurance reimbursement

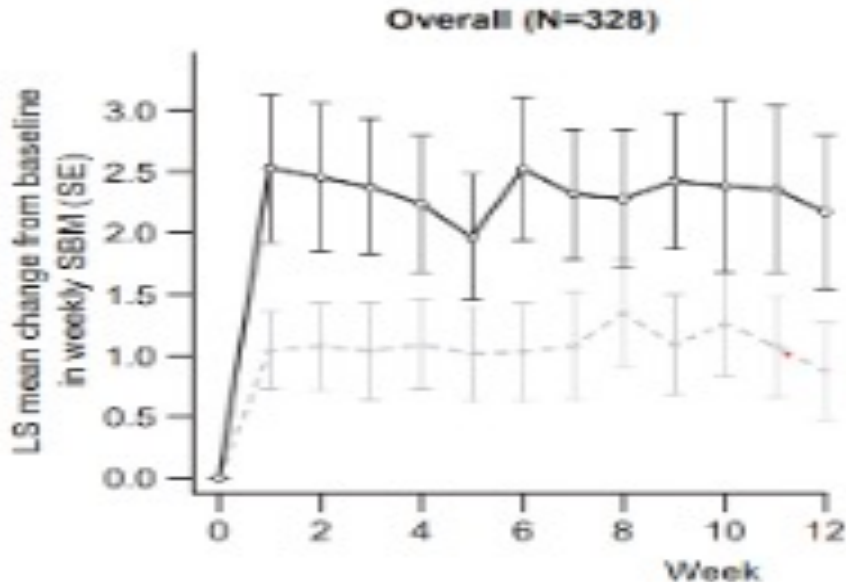


\$89 per month (out-of-pocket)

Linaclootide for Pediatric Functional Constipation- First prescription treatment for pediatric FC!

- Double-blind, placebo-controlled, Phase 3 RCT
- 328 pediatric patients (6-17 years old) with modified ROME III criteria for functional constipation (mean SBM/week: 1.2)
- Intervention: 72 ucg linaclootide vs placebo X 12 weeks
- Primary Outcome: Increase in SBMs/week

Linaclootide for Pediatric Functional Constipation

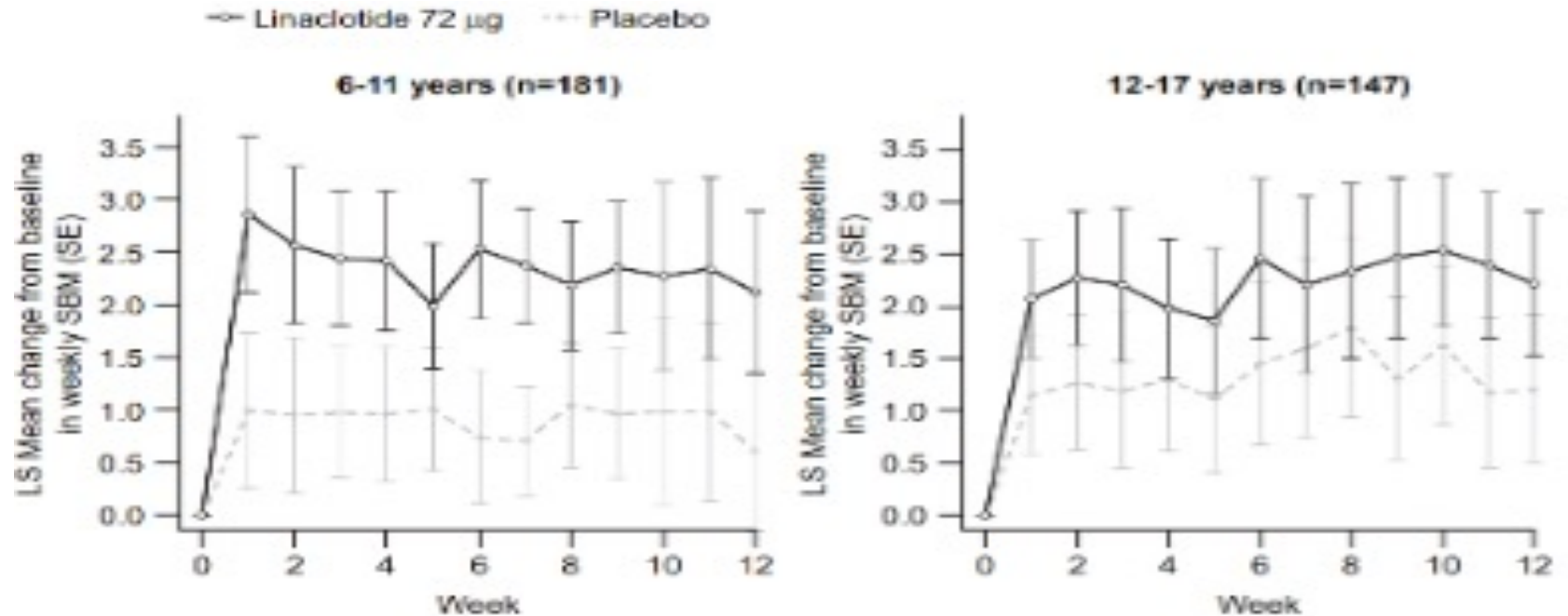


-Increase in 12-week SBM frequency significantly greater with linaclootide: 2.22 vs 1.05, $p = 0.0001$

-Significant improvement in stool consistency, based on Bristol stool scale, with linaclootide vs placebo

Adverse events: diarrhea $< 5\%$ and $< 2\%$ discontinued drug due to diarrhea

Trend for Larger Increase in SBM/week in linaclotide-treated 6-11 year olds vs linaclotide-treated 12-17 year olds



My Practice: Use 145 ucg dose for selected 12-17 year olds with functional constipation. Most likely approved for use in summer 2023. Probably will be approved for long-term use.